

# 1.A.3.d ii - National Navigation

## Short description

Under category *1.A.3.d ii - National Navigation* emissions from national navigation (both inland and maritime) are reported.

| Method     | AD    | EF       | Key Category Analysis                                                                  |
|------------|-------|----------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| T1, T2, T3 | NS, M | CS, D, M | <b>L&amp;T:</b> PM <sub>10</sub> , & PM <sub>2.5</sub> , / <b>L:</b> NO <sub>x</sub> , |

**T** = key source by Trend **L** = key source by Level

| Methods                                                                                                  |                                      |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| <b>D</b>                                                                                                 | Default                              |
| <b>RA</b>                                                                                                | Reference Approach                   |
| <b>T1</b>                                                                                                | Tier 1 / Simple Methodology *        |
| <b>T2</b>                                                                                                | Tier 2*                              |
| <b>T3</b>                                                                                                | Tier 3 / Detailed Methodology *      |
| <b>C</b>                                                                                                 | CORINAIR                             |
| <b>CS</b>                                                                                                | Country Specific                     |
| <b>M</b>                                                                                                 | Model                                |
| * as described in the EMEP/CORINAIR Emission Inventory Guidebook - 2007, in the group specific chapters. |                                      |
| AD - Data Source for Activity Data                                                                       |                                      |
| <b>NS</b>                                                                                                | National Statistics                  |
| <b>RS</b>                                                                                                | Regional Statistics                  |
| <b>IS</b>                                                                                                | International Statistics             |
| <b>PS</b>                                                                                                | Plant Specific data                  |
| <b>AS</b>                                                                                                | Associations, business organisations |
| <b>Q</b>                                                                                                 | specific questionnaires, surveys     |
| EF - Emission Factors                                                                                    |                                      |
| <b>D</b>                                                                                                 | Default (EMEP Guidebook)             |
| <b>C</b>                                                                                                 | Confidential                         |
| <b>CS</b>                                                                                                | Country Specific                     |
| <b>PS</b>                                                                                                | Plant Specific data                  |

## Methodology

### Activity data

As described for the over-all sector 1.A.3.d and all other navigational activities [here](#) ], specific fuel consumption data for NFR 1.A.3.d ii is included in the primary fuel deliveries data provided in NEB lines 6 ('International Maritime Bunkers') and 64 ('Coastal and Inland Navigation') <sup>1)</sup>.

Table 1: Annual over-all fuel consumption for domestic navigation, in terajoule

gallery size="medium" : 1A3dii AD.png gallery

|                                     | 1990          | 1995          | 2000          | 2005          | 2010          | 2011          | 2012          | 2013          | 2014          | 2015          | 2016          | 2017          | 2018          | 2019  |
|-------------------------------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|-------|
| <b>NATIONAL MARITIME NAVIGATION</b> |               |               |               |               |               |               |               |               |               |               |               |               |               |       |
| <b>Diesel Oil</b>                   | 15940         | 11258         | 11860         | 9962          | 8685          | 8489          | 9046          | 9047          | 9965          | 13359         | 16295         | 15221         | 16336         | 13961 |
| <b>Heavy fuel oil</b>               | 11723         | 8041          | 8577          | 7172          | 6114          | 5961          | 6410          | 6376          | 6046          | 50,0          | 7,05          | 7,01          | 190           | 358   |
| <b>NATIONAL INLAND NAVIGATION</b>   |               |               |               |               |               |               |               |               |               |               |               |               |               |       |
| <b>Diesel Oil</b>                   | 20,664        | 18,597        | 6,788         | 8,634         | 7,497         | 8,466         | 7,556         | 7,777         | 8,567         | 9,422         | 7,873         | 7,179         | 6,636         |       |
| <b>Σ</b>                            |               |               |               |               |               |               |               |               |               |               |               |               |               |       |
| <b>1.A.3.d ii</b>                   | <b>48,326</b> | <b>37,896</b> | <b>27,224</b> | <b>26,036</b> | <b>22,988</b> | <b>23,673</b> | <b>23,719</b> | <b>23,846</b> | <b>25,282</b> | <b>23,528</b> | <b>24,635</b> | <b>22,927</b> | <b>23,298</b> |       |

For the main pollutants, country-specific implied values are used, that are based on tier3 EF included in the BSH model <sup>3)</sup> which mainly relate on values from the EMEP/EEA guidebook 2019 <sup>4)</sup>. These modelled IEFs take into account the ship specific information derived from AIS data as well as the mix of fuel-qualities applied depending on the type of ship and the current state of activity.

Table 3: Country-specific emission factors applied for fuels used in domestic maritime navigation, in [kg/T]

[illegible]

|                         |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|-------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| <b>BC<sup>1</sup></b>   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| <b>PM<sub>2.5</sub></b> |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| <b>PM<sub>10</sub></b>  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| <b>TSP<sup>2</sup></b>  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| <b>HEAVY FUEL OIL</b>   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| <b>CO</b>               |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| <b>NH<sub>3</sub></b>   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| <b>NMVOC</b>            |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| <b>NO<sub>x</sub></b>   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| <b>SO<sub>x</sub></b>   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| <b>BC<sup>1</sup></b>   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| <b>PM<sub>2.5</sub></b> |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| <b>PM<sub>10</sub></b>  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| <b>TSP<sup>2</sup></b>  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| <b>CO</b>               |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

<sup>1</sup> estimated from f-BCs as provided in <sup>5)</sup>: f-BC (HFO) = 0.12, f-BC (MDO/MGO) = 0.31 as provided in <sup>6)</sup>, chapter: 1.A.3.d.i, 1.A.3.d.ii, 1.A.4.c.iii Navigation, Tables 3-1 & 3-2

<sup>2</sup> ratios PM<sub>2.5</sub>, : PM<sub>10</sub>, : TSP derived from the tier1 default EF as provided in <sup>7)</sup>, chapter: 1.A.3.d.i, 1.A.3.d.ii, 1.A.4.c.iii Navigation, Tables 3-1 & 3-2



For the country-specific emission factors applied for particulate matter, no clear indication is available, whether or not condensables are included.

For main pollutants and particulate matter from **national inland navigation**, modelled emission factors are available from TREMOD (Knörr et al. (2019a)) <sup>8)</sup>. Here, for SO<sub>2</sub>, and PM, annual values reflect the impact of fuel-sulphur legislation.

Table 4: Country-specific emission factors for diesel fuels used in domestic inland navigation, in [kg/TJ]

|                       | 1990 | 1995 | 2000 | 2005 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 |
|-----------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| <b>NH<sub>3</sub></b> |      |      |      |      |      |      |      |      |      |      |      |      |      |      |
| <b>NMVOC</b>          |      |      |      |      |      |      |      |      |      |      |      |      |      |      |
| <b>NO<sub>x</sub></b> |      |      |      |      |      |      |      |      |      |      |      |      |      |      |
| <b>SO<sub>x</sub></b> |      |      |      |      |      |      |      |      |      |      |      |      |      |      |
| <b>BC<sup>1</sup></b> |      |      |      |      |      |      |      |      |      |      |      |      |      |      |
| <b>PM<sup>2</sup></b> |      |      |      |      |      |      |      |      |      |      |      |      |      |      |
| <b>CO</b>             |      |      |      |      |      |      |      |      |      |      |      |      |      |      |

<sup>1</sup> calculated from f-BC as provided in <sup>9)</sup>, Chapter: 1.A.3.d.i, 1.A.3.d.ii, 1.A.4.c.iii, Table 3-2: f-BC (MDO/MGO) = 0.31

<sup>2</sup> EF(PM<sub>2.5</sub>,) also applied for PM<sub>10</sub>, and TSP (assumption: > 99% of TSP from diesel oil combustion consists of PM<sub>2.5</sub>,)



With respect to the emission factors applied for particulate matter, given the circumstances during test-bench measurements, condensables are most likely included at least partly. <sup>1)</sup>



For information on the **emission factors for heavy-metal and POP exhaust emissions**, please refer to [Appendix 2.3 - Heavy Metal \(HM\) exhaust emissions from mobile sources](#)] and [Appendix 2.4 - Persistent Organic Pollutant \(POP\) exhaust emissions from mobile sources](#) ].

## Discussion of emission trends

**NFR 1.A.3.d ii** is key category for emissions of **NO<sub>x</sub>**, **PM<sub>2.5</sub>**, and **PM<sub>10</sub>**.

For **ammonia**, **NM VOC**, and **nitrogen oxides** as well as **carbon monoxide**, emission trends more or less represent the trend in over-all fuel consumption.

Nonetheless, for these pollutants, annual emission factors from BSH <sup>10)</sup> and TREMOD <sup>11)</sup> have been applied for national *maritime* and *inland* navigation, respectively, reflecting the technical development of the German inland navigation fleet.

[gallery size="medium"](#) : EM\_1A3dii\_NH3.png : EM\_1A3dii\_NM VOC.png : EM\_1A3dii\_NOx.png : EM\_1A3dii\_CO.png [gallery](#)

Here, the trends in **sulphur dioxide** and **particulate matter** emissions reflect the impact of ongoing fuel-sulphur legislation especially in maritime navigation.

[gallery size="medium"](#) : EM\_1A3dii\_SO2.png : EM\_1A3dii\_PM.png [gallery](#)

## Recalculations

Major changes in **activity data** result from the revision of the National Energy Balance 2017 and revised shares of biodiesel mixed to diesel oil in 2016 and 2017.

Table 5: Revised fuel consumption data 2016 & 2017, in terajoules

| =                 |          | = Diesel oil |        | = Biodiesel |        | = Heavy fuel oil |          | = Over-all fuel consumption |
|-------------------|----------|--------------|--------|-------------|--------|------------------|----------|-----------------------------|
| =                 | = 2016   | = 2017       | = 2016 | = 2017      | = 2016 | = 2017           | = 2016   | = 2017                      |
| ~ Submission 2020 | > 24,167 | > 22,400     | > 461  | > 520       | > 7,05 | > 7,01           | > 24,635 | > 22,927                    |
| ~ Submission 2019 | > 24,167 | > 23,245     | > 524  | > 539       | > 7,05 | > 7,01           | > 24,698 | > 23,790                    |

|                   |         |          |          |          |         |         |          |          |
|-------------------|---------|----------|----------|----------|---------|---------|----------|----------|
| ~ absolute change | > 0.00  | > -844   | > -62.5  | > -19.3  | > 0.00  | > 0.00  | > -62.5  | > -864   |
| ~ relative change | > 0.00% | > -3.63% | > -11.9% | > -3.57% | > 0.00% | > 0.00% | > -0.25% | > -3.63% |

Furthermore, the country-specific **emission factors** applied for diesel fuels used in **domestic inland navigation** have been revised within TREMOD <sup>12)</sup>:

Table 6: Revised country-specific emission factors for diesel fuels used in domestic inland navigation, in [kg/TJ]

[illegible]

|                             |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|-----------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| <b>relative change</b>      |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| <b>CARBON MONOXIDE - CO</b> |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| <b>Submission 2021</b>      |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| <b>Submission 2020</b>      |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| <b>absolute change</b>      |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| <b>relative change</b>      |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

In contrast, the country-specific **emission factors** applied for fuels used in **national maritime navigation** remain unaltered.



For more information on recalculated emission estimates for Base Year and 2018, please see the pollutant-specific recalculation tables following chapter [8.1 - Recalculations](#).

## Uncertainties

Uncertainty estimates for **activity data** of mobile sources derive from research project FKZ 360 16 023: "Ermittlung der Unsicherheiten der mit den Modellen TREMOD und TREMOD-MM berechneten Luftschadstoffemissionen des landgebundenen Verkehrs in Deutschland" by Knörr et al. (2009) <sup>13)</sup>.

## Planned improvements

Besides the **routine revisions of the models** used for maritime and inland navigation, no specific improvements are scheduled.

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**bibliography** : 1 : AGEb, 2019: Working Group on Energy Balances (Arbeitsgemeinschaft Energiebilanzen (Hrsg.), AGEb): Energiebilanz für die Bundesrepublik Deutschland; URL: <http://www.ag-energiebilanzen.de/7-0-Bilanzen-1990-2017.html>, Köln & Berlin, 2019. : 2 : BAFA (2019): Federal Office of Economics and Export Control (Bundesamt für Wirtschaft und Ausfuhrkontrolle, BAFA): Amtliche Mineralöl-daten für die Bundesrepublik Deutschland; URL: [https://www.bafa.de/SharedDocs/Downloads/DE/Energie/Mineraloel/moel\\_amtliche\\_daten\\_2018\\_deze\\_mber.xlsx?\\_\\_blob=publicationFile&v=4](https://www.bafa.de/SharedDocs/Downloads/DE/Energie/Mineraloel/moel_amtliche_daten_2018_deze_mber.xlsx?__blob=publicationFile&v=4), (Aufruf: 29.11.2019), Eschborn, 2019. : 3 : MWV, 2019: German Petroleum Industry Association (Mineralölwirtschaftsverband, MWV): MWV Jahresberichte: URL: <https://www.mwv.de/publikationen/jahresberichte/>, Berlin, 2019. : 4 : Deichnik (2019): Deichnik, K.: Aktualisierung und Revision des Modells zur Berechnung der spezifischen Verbräuche und Emissionen des von Deutschland ausgehenden Seeverkehrs. from Bundesamts für Seeschifffahrt und Hydrographie (BSH); Hamburg, 2019. : 5 : Knörr et al. (2019a): Knörr, W., Heidt, C., Gores, S., & Bergk, F.: ifeu Institute for Energy and Environmental Research (Institut für Energie- und Umweltforschung Heidelberg gGmbH, ifeu): Fortschreibung des Daten- und Rechenmodells:

Energieverbrauch und Schadstoffemissionen des motorisierten Verkehrs in Deutschland 1960-2035, sowie TREMOD, im Auftrag des Umweltbundesamtes, Heidelberg & Berlin, 2019. : 6 : EMEP/EEA (2019): EMEP/EEA air pollutant emission inventory guidebook 2019, Copenhagen, 2019. : 7 : Knörr et al. (2009): Knörr, W., Heldstab, J., & Kasser, F.: Ermittlung der Unsicherheiten der mit den Modellen TREMOD und TREMOD-MM berechneten Luftschadstoffemissionen des landgebundenen Verkehrs in Deutschland; final report; URL: <https://www.umweltbundesamt.de/sites/default/files/medien/461/publikationen/3937.pdf>, FKZ 360 16 023, Heidelberg & Zürich, 2009. [bibliography](#)

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<sup>1)</sup> (bibcite 1)

<sup>2)</sup> (bibcite 4)

<sup>3)</sup> (bibcite 4)

<sup>4)</sup> (bibcite 2)

<sup>5)</sup> (bibcite 2)

<sup>6)</sup> (bibcite 2)

<sup>7)</sup> (bibcite 2)

<sup>8)</sup> (bibcite 5)

<sup>9)</sup> (bibcite 3)

<sup>10)</sup> (bibcite 4)

<sup>11)</sup> (bibcite 5)

<sup>12)</sup> (bibcite 5)

<sup>13)</sup> (bibcite 7)

<sup>1)</sup>

During test-bench measurements, temperatures are likely to be significantly higher than under real-world conditions, thus reducing condensation. On the contrary, smaller dilution (higher number of primary particles acting as condensation germs) together with higher pressures increase the likeliness of condensation. So over-all condensables are very likely to occur but different to real-world conditions.