

2.B.10.a - Other Chemicals

Short description

In sub-category *2.B.10.a - Other Chemicals*, emissions from the production of organic chemicals, titanium dioxide, sulphuric acid, carbon black, fertilizers and from the chlor-alkali industry are reported. Relevant pollutants are NMVOC, CO, PCDD/F, SO_x, NH₃, PM_{2.5}, PM₁₀, TSP and Hg.

Table 1: Overview of emission sources covered

| Emission sources | Pollutants | Method | AD | EF | Key Category |
|-----------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------|--------|----|-------|--------------|
| Organic chemicals | NMVOC (PCDD/F <small>only for Ethylene Dichloride</small>) | T2 | NS | CS | |
| Carbon Black | CO, SO ₂ , TSP, PM ₁₀ , PM _{2.5} | T2 | NS | D, CS | |
| Fertilizers | TSP, PM ₁₀ , PM _{2.5} , NH ₃ | T2 | - | D, CS | |
| Sulphuric acid | SO ₂ | T2 | NS | CS | L & T |
| Chlor-alkali industry | Hg | T3 | PS | - | T |

T = key source by Trend **L** = key source by Level

Methods

| | |
|-----------|---------------------------------|
| D | Default |
| RA | Reference Approach |
| T1 | Tier 1 / Simple Methodology * |
| T2 | Tier 2* |
| T3 | Tier 3 / Detailed Methodology * |
| C | CORINAIR |
| CS | Country Specific |
| M | Model |

* as described in the EMEP/CORINAIR Emission Inventory Guidebook - 2007, in the group specific chapters.

AD - Data Source for Activity Data

| | |
|-----------|--------------------------------------|
| NS | National Statistics |
| RS | Regional Statistics |
| IS | International Statistics |
| PS | Plant Specific data |
| AS | Associations, business organisations |
| Q | specific questionnaires, surveys |

EF - Emission Factors

| | |
|-----------|--------------------------|
| D | Default (EMEP Guidebook) |
| C | Confidential |
| CS | Country Specific |
| PS | Plant Specific data |

Methodology

Organic chemicals: activity data and emission factors

The annual production volumes for all large volume organic chemicals are extracted from national production statistics ¹⁾ by the Federal Statistical Office.

Organic chemicals comprise:

- Acrylonitrile
- Ethylene
- Ethylbenzene
- Ethylene Dichloride
- Ethylene Oxide
- Formaldehyde (Methanal)
- Methanol
- Phthalic Anhydride
- Propene
- Styrene
- Vinyl Chloride
- Polyethylene (LD/HD)
- Polypropylene
- Polystyrene
- Polyvinyl Chloride
- Styrene Copolymeres

The emission factors for the production of organic chemicals as shown in table 2 and 3 are derived from best reference documents polymers and LVOC mostly for the early years. For later years, plant-specific data on an aggregated level were used.

Table 2: national NMVOC emission factors for producing organic chemicals, in kg/t

| Product | Acrylonitrile | Ethylbenzene | Ethylene | Ethylene Dichloride | Ethylene Oxide | Formaldehyde (Methanal) | Methanol | Phthalic Anhydride | Propene | Styrene | Vinyl Chloride |
|----------------|---------------|--------------|----------|---------------------|----------------|-------------------------|----------|--------------------|---------|---------|----------------|
| from 1990-1994 | 5 | 0.6 | 5 | C | 5 | 5 | 0.04 | 5 | 2.5 | 0.02 | 0.2 |
| 1995 | 0.07 | 0.02 | 0.4 | C | 0.06 | 0.02 | 0.04 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.02 | 0.2 |
| 1996 | 0.05 | 0.015 | 0.3 | C | 0.045 | 0.015 | 0.04 | 0.15 | 0.15 | 0.02 | 0.15 |
| 1997 | 0.05 | 0.015 | 0.3 | C | 0.045 | 0.015 | 0.04 | 0.15 | 0.15 | 0.02 | 0.15 |
| 1998 | 0.04 | 0.012 | 0.25 | C | 0.04 | 0.012 | 0.04 | 0.12 | 0.12 | 0.02 | 0.12 |
| 1999 | 0.04 | 0.012 | 0.25 | C | 0.04 | 0.012 | 0.04 | 0.12 | 0.12 | 0.02 | 0.12 |
| from 2000 | 0.035 | 0.01 | 0.2 | C | 0.03 | 0.01 | 0.04 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.02 | 0.1 |

Table 3: national NMVOC emission factors for producing polymers, in kg/t

| products | Polyethylene (PE) | | Polypropylen (PP) | Polystyrene (PS) | Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC) | Styrene Copolymeres |
|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|------------------|--------------------------|---------------------|
| | Low density (LD) | High density (HD) | | | | |
| from 1990 to 1994 | 8 | 6 | 8 | 1 | 0.25 | 5 |

| products | Polyethylene (PE) | | Polypropylen (PP) | Polystyrene (PS) | Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC) | Styrene Copolymeres |
|------------------|-------------------|------|-------------------|------------------|--------------------------|---------------------|
| 1995 | 2.2 | 1 | 1 | 0.6 | 0.25 | 0.6 |
| 1996 | 1.6 | 0.75 | 0.75 | 0.4 | 0.25 | 0.5 |
| 1997 | 1.6 | 0.75 | 0.75 | 0.4 | 0.25 | 0.5 |
| 1998 | 1.3 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 0.32 | 0.25 | 0.4 |
| 1999 | 1.3 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 0.32 | 0.25 | 0.4 |
| from 2000 | 1.1 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.27 | 0.14 | 0.3 |

Carbon Black

The figures for carbon black production in the new German Länder in 1990 were taken from the Statistical Yearbook (Statistisches Jahrbuch) for the Federal Republic of Germany ²⁾; the figures for 1991 and 1992 were estimated, due to confidentiality requirements. The other data for carbon-black production as of 1990 were obtained from national production statistics ³⁾.

From 2005 onwards, Germany uses activity data calculated from the CO₂ emissions of the Emission Trading System (ETS), delivered from the German emission trading authority (DEHSt), and the default CO₂ emission factor from the IPCC Guidelines 2006 for carbon black production. A comparison of the statistical data and the emission trading data leads to the result, that the statistical data is most probably overestimated.

Fertilizers

[Hier Fehlt Text]

Sulphuric acid

The activity data for sulphuric acid production are from the statistical office of Germany.

[Da geht noch was]

Chlor-alkali industry

For the mercury losses from the Chlor-alkali industry Germany uses the yearly published data from OSPAR on the plant specific production capacity for the AD and the plant specific emissions from the chlor-alkali industry. Because of the BAT conclusion for the Chlor-alkali industry the production has stopped in 2017. But the emissions of Hg are still continuing, because two plants are producing alcoholates and dithionite and are not regulated by the BAT conclusions for Chlor-alkali production.

Recalculations

For SO₂ emissions from titan dioxide production and sulphuric acid production and for Hg emissions from chlor-alkali industry the emissions of the two last years are always actualized. Because the

emissions of the last year are always a prediction as these emissions are still not published. As the SO_x-EF of sulphuric acid production was replaced for the years 2017 and 2018 by a lower value, the emissions have been reduced respectively. Due to confidentiality reasons, a detailed documentation cannot be provided here.



For specific **information on recalculated emission estimates for Base Year and 2018**, please see the pollutant specific recalculation tables following chapter [8.1 - Recalculations](#).

Planned improvements

No category-specific improvements are planned.

¹⁾ ³⁾

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DESTATIS, Fachserie 4, Reihe 3.1, Produzierendes Gewerbe, Produktion im Produzierenden Gewerbe
("manufacturing industry; production in the manufacturing industry")

²⁾

TODO: David bitte vervollständigen DESTATIS, 1992: p. 234