

## 1.B - Fugitive Emissions from fossil fuels

During all stages of fuel production and use, from extraction of fossil fuels to their final use, fuel components can escape or be released as fugitive emissions.

While NMVOC, TSP and SO<sub>x</sub> are the most important emissions within the source category *solid fuels*, fugitive emissions of oil and natural gas include substantial amounts of NMVOC and SO<sub>x</sub>.

1.B - "Fugitive emission from fuels" consist of following sub-categories:

NFR-Code	Name of category
<b>1.B.1</b>	<a href="#">Solid Fuels</a>
<b>1.B.2.a</b>	<a href="#">Oil</a>
<b>1.B.2.b</b>	<a href="#">Gas</a>
<b>1.B.2.c</b>	<a href="#">Venting and Flaring</a>

### Trends in emissions

*will be published later - in meantime please refer to trend tables*  
(<https://cdr.eionet.europa.eu/de/un/clrtap/inventories/envyb590q/>)

### Recalculations

Recalculations covering the past two years have been carried out as a result of the provisional nature of a number of statistics in this area.



For **pollutant-specific information on recalculated emission estimates reported for Base Year and 2015**, please see the pollutant specific recalculation tables following chapter [8.1 - Recalculations](#).