# 2.B.2 - Nitric Acid Production

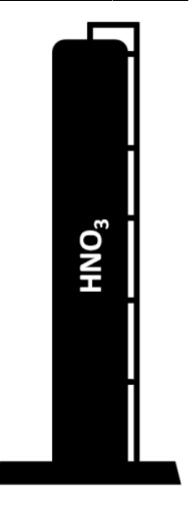
## **Short description**

Cat	egory Code			Met	ho	d				A	)				EF				
2.B.	2			T	2					PS	5				D				
Ke	y Category	SO2	NO×	NНз	N	мvос	СО	BC	Pb	Hg	Cd	Dio>	PAH	HCB	TSP	PM	10 <b>P</b>	M2.5	
2.B.	2	-	L/-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	
T =	key source b	by Tre	end L	. = k	ey	source	e by	Lev	el										
Ме	thods																		
		D					Def	ault											
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		Т1					Tier	1/	Sin	nple	Ме	thod	ology	*					
		T2					Tier	2*											
		Т3					Tier	3/	De	taile	d M	letho	dolog	у *					
		С					COF	RINA	IR										
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<u> </u>	Plant Specifi																		
<u> </u>	Associations			-			s												
Q	specific ques	stion	naire	s, su	rve	eys													
EF	- Emission I	act	ors																
D	Default (EME	P Gu	idebo	ook)															
С	Confidential																		
CS	Country Spe	cific																	
PS	Plant Specific	c dat	a																

During the production of nitric acid ( $HNO_3$ ), nitrogen oxide is produced unintentionally in a secondary reaction during the catalytic oxidation of ammonia ( $NH_3$ ).  $HNO_3$  production occurs in two process stages:

- Oxidation of NH<sub>3</sub> to NO and
- Conversion of NO to  $NO_2$  and absorption in  $H_2O$ .

Details of the process are outlined below:



#### Catalytic oxidation of ammonia

A mixture of ammonia and air at a ratio of 1:9 is oxidised, in the presence of a platinum catalyst alloyed with rhodium and/or palladium, at a temperature of between 800 and 950 °C. The reaction according to the Oswald process is as follows:

 $4 \text{ NH}_3 + 5 \text{ O}_2 \rightarrow 4 \text{ NO} + 6 \text{ H}_2\text{O}$ 

Simultaneously, nitrogen, nitrous oxide and water are formed by the following undesired secondary reactions:

 $4 \text{ NH}_3 + 3 \text{ O}_2 \rightarrow 2 \text{ N}_2 + 6 \text{ H}_2\text{O}$ 

 $4 \text{ NH}_3 + 4 \text{ O}_2 \rightarrow 2 \text{ N}_2\text{O} + 6 \text{ H}_2\text{O}$ 

All three oxidation reactions are exothermic. Heat may be recovered to produce steam for the process and for export to other plants and/or to preheat the residual gas. The reaction water is condensed in a cooling condenser, during the cooling of the reaction gases, and is then conveyed into the absorption column.

### Method

In Germany, there are currently seven nitric acid plants.

#### Activity data

As this source category is a key category for  $N_2O$ , plant specific activity data is collected here according to the IPCC guidelines.

This data is made available basically via a co-operation agreement with the nitric acid producers and the IVA (Industrieverband Agrar). As the data provided by the producers has to be treated as confidential, it is anonymised by the IVA before submitting it to the UBA. However, one producer is delivering its data directly to the UBA. After checking this

specific data, it is merged with that provided by the IVA.

According to the IVA, catalytic reduction is used as an abatement method in some of the plants.

#### **Emission factors**

For NO<sub>x</sub> the default emission factor from the EEA Emission Inventory Guidebook of 10 kg/t  $NH_3^{(1)}$  is used.

## Recalculations

With **activity data** and **emission factors** remaining unrevised, no recalculations have been carried out compared to last year's submission.



For pollutant-specific information on recalculated emission estimates for Base Year and 2018, please see the pollutant specific recalculation tables following chapter 8.1 - Recalculations.

## **Planned improvements**

Germany is in contact with the IVA with the aim to get a Country-specific EF for the NOx emissions. It is expected that the Country-specific EF will be lower than the Default EF.

<sup>1)</sup> EEA, 2013: EMEP EEA Emission Inventory Guidebook 2013, Aug 2013: page 15, table 3.3 Tier 1 emission factor for source category 2.B.2 Nitric acid production