2.A.3 - Glass Production

Short description

Method AD EF Key Category	
T2 AS CS T: SO _x , TSP	
\mathbf{T} = key source by Trend \mathbf{L} = key sour	rce by Level
Methods	
D	Default
RA	Reference Approach
T1	Tier 1 / Simple Methodology *
T2	Tier 2*
Т3	Tier 3 / Detailed Methodology *
С	CORINAIR
CS	Country Specific
M	Model
	Emission Inventory Guidebook - 2007, in the group specific chapters.
AD - Data Source for Activity Data	a
NS National Statistics	
RS Regional Statistics	
IS International Statistics	
PS Plant Specific data	
AS Associations, business organisation	ins
Q specific questionnaires, surveys	
EF - Emission Factors	
D Default (EMEP Guidebook)	
C Confidential	
CS Country Specific	
PS Plant Specific data	

Germany's glass industry produces a wide range of different glass types that differ in their chemical composition. Germany's glass sector comprises the following sub-sectors: container glass, flat glass, domestic glass, special glass and mineral fibres (glass and stone wool). The largest production quantities are found in the sectors of container glass and flat glass. Further processing and treatment of glass and glass objects are not considered. Information about the key source relevance can be found in 2.A Mineral Industry].

Methodology

The emissions are calculated via a higher Tier method resembling a Tier 2 method, as the activity rates are tied to specific emission factors for different glass types.

Activity data

The production figures are taken from the regularly appearing annual reports of the [*https://www.bvglas.de/en/ Federal Association of the German Glass Industry] (Bundesverband Glasindustrie; BV Glas). "Production" refers to the amount of glass produced, which is considered to be equivalent to the amount of glass melted down.

Emission factors

The procedure used to determine emission factors for the various glass types involved and the pertinent emissions is

described in detail in reports of research projects (Report-No. 001264, search "UBA-FB 001264" in [https://doku.uba.de] \Rightarrow OPAC \Rightarrow Signatur). The emission factors were calculated for the various industry sectors. The factors vary annually in keeping with industry monitoring, not only as steady trends, but as time ranges. Ranges below are given as averages over all glass types for main pollutants, but as averages over time for heavy metals:

Table 1: Overview of applied emission factors

~ pollutant	~ products	~ EF	~ unit	~ current Trend
NO,,x,,	all glass types	> 1.0-3.4	kg/t	constant
SO,,2,,	all glass types	> 0.39-1.9	kg/t	constant
NMVOC	all glass types	> 0.96	kg/t	constant
NH,,3,,	all glass types	> 0.03-0.7	kg/t	constant
TSP	all glass types	> 0.02-0.04	kg/t	constant
PM,,10,,	all glass types	> 0.01-0.03	kg/t	constant
PM,,2.5,,	all glass types	> 0.01-0.02	kg/t	constant
As	container glass	> 0.04-0.13	g/t	rising
Pb	container glass	> 0.22-0.41	g/t	rising
Cd	container glass	> 0.01-0.04	g/t	rising
Cr	container glass	> 0.03-0.07	g/t	falling
Cu	container glass	> 0.10-0.23	g/t	falling
Ni	container glass	> 0.01-0.02	g/t	erratic
Se	container glass	> 0.8-1.9	g/t	erratic

Trends in emissions

Trends in emissions correspond to trends of emission factors and of activity data. The resulting trends are not constant, but a complex result of different EF for various glass types. So emissions of SO,,2,, could rising due to increased production Level of a relevant product. gallery size="medium" viewer="yes" : EM_2A3_since_1990.PNG gallery

Recalculations

Recalculations were necessary due to updated activity data for the last reported year.

[!- With **activity data** and **emission factors** remaining unrevised, no recalculations have been carried out compared to last year's submission. -]



For pollutant-specific information on recalculated emission estimates for Base Year and 2018, please see the pollutant specific recalculation tables following chapter 8.1 - Recalculations.

Planned improvements

For purposes of updating the EF project has started in 2019, results are planned in 2020¹⁾.

[!- At the moment, no category-specific improvements are planned.-]

[!- FAQ No comments!-]

bibliography : 1 : ReFoPlan FKZ – 3719 52 1010: "Überarbeitung der Emissionsfaktoren für Luftschadstoffe in den Branchen Zementklinkerproduktion und Glasherstellung"

¹⁾ (bibcite 1)