2.A.2 - Lime Production

Short description

Category Code	Method				AD					EF]		
2.A.2	T1				AS				CS				1				
Key Category	SO 2	NOx	NH₃	NM	voc	СО	BC	Pb	Hg	Cd	Diox	PAH	HCB	TSP	PM10	PM2 5	
2.A.2	-/-	-/-	-		/-	-	-	-	-/-	-	-	-	-	-/-	-/-	-/-]
T = key source b	y Tre	end L	= ke	ey so	ource	e by	Lev	el									
Methods																	
	D				Def	Default											
	RA					Ref	eren	ice	Арр	roa	ch						
	Т1					Tier	Tier 1 / Simple Methodology *										
	Т2					Tier	Tier 2*										
Т3			Tier	Tier 3 / Detailed Methodology *													
	С					COF	CORINAIR										
CS			Cou	Country Specific													
	М					Мос	lel										
* as described ir	the	EMEF	P/COI	rina	IR E	miss	ion	Inv	ento	ory (Guide	ebook	- 200	7, in	the g	roup s	pecific
AD - Data Sour	ce fo	or Ac	tivit	ty Da	ata												
NS National Stat	istics	5															
RS Regional Sta	RS Regional Statistics																
IS International	Stat	istics															
PS Plant Specifi	c dat	a															
AS Associations	, busi	iness	orga	anisa	tion	s											
Q specific ques	tionr	naires	s, sur	rveys	5												
EF - Emission F	acto	ors				_											
Default (EME	P Gu	idebc	ook)														
C Confidential																	
CS Country Spec	cific																
PS Plant Specific	data	a															

The statements made below regarding source category 2.A.2 refer solely to the amounts of burnt lime and dolomite lime produced in German lime works. Other lime-producing processes are included in NFR 2.C.1 and 2.H.2.

Because of the wide range of applications covered by the sector's products, lime production is normally more isolated from economic fluctuations than is production of other mineral products such as cement. Production has fluctuated relatively little since the end of the 1990s. Dolomite-lime production, of which significantly smaller amounts are produced, basically exhibits similar fluctuations.

Methodology

The pertinent emissions level is obtained by multiplying the amount of product in question (quick lime or dolomite lime) and the relevant emission factor.

Activity data

The German Lime Association (BVK) collects the production data for the entire time series on a plant-specific basis, and makes it available for reporting purposes. Production amounts are determined via several different concurrent procedures; their quality is thus adequately assured (Tier 2). Most companies are also required to report lime-production data within the framework of CO_2 -emissions trading. The EU monitoring guidelines for emissions trading specify a maximum accuracy of 2.5%. It is additionally assumed that 2% of the burnt lime is separated as dust in all years of the reporting period from 1990

onwards via appropriate exhaust gas purification systems and is not returned to the production process. This is taken into account by a potential 2% increase in activity rates.

Emission factors

Due to recommendation during NEC-Review 2021 the calculation of CO emissions from lime production is allocated to process emissions based on default-EF. The other EF are country-specific values from different research projects.

Table 1: Emission factors for quick-lime production

pollutant	Name of Category	EF	unit	Trend
NO _x	quicklime	0.59	kg/t	falling
SO ₂	quicklime	0.12	kg/t	falling
NMVOC	quicklime	0.041	kg/t	constant
СО	quicklime	1.940	kg/t	default 1)
TSP	quicklime	0.050	kg/t	falling
PM ₁₀	quicklime	0.038	kg/t	falling
PM _{2.5}	quicklime	0.023	kg/t	falling
Hg	quicklime	2.62	mg/t	falling

Table 2: Emission factors for dolomite production

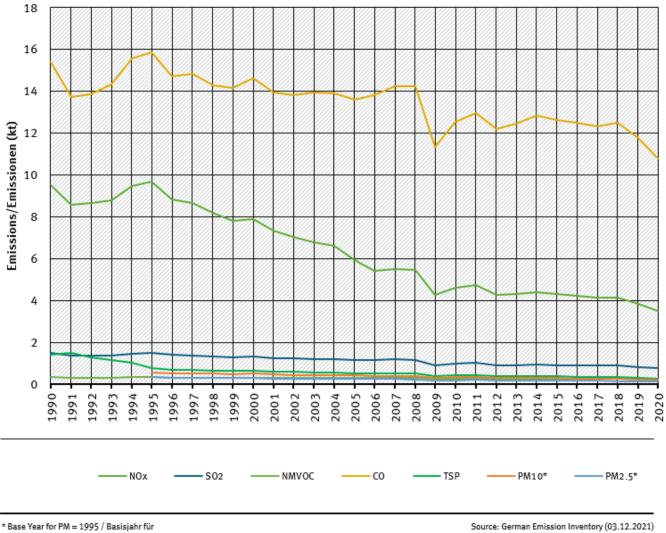
pollutant	Name of Category	EF	unit	Trend
NO _x	dolomite	1.73	kg/t	falling
SO ₂	dolomite	0.58	kg/t	falling
NMVOC	dolomite	0.041	kg/t	constant
со	dolomite	1.940	kg/t	default ²⁾
TSP	dolomite	0.034	kg/t	falling
PM ₁₀	dolomite	0.026	kg/t	falling
PM _{2.5}	dolomite	0.015	kg/t	falling
Hg	quicklime	2.63	mg/t	falling

Trends in emissions

All trends in emissions correspond to trends of emission factors in table above. No rising trends are identified.

trends of emissions of lime industry

Emissions by pollutant / Emissionen nach Schadstoff



Feinstäube (PM) ist 1995

Emission trends in NFR 2.A.2

Recalculations

With activity data and all already used emission factors remaining unrevised, no recalculations have been carried out compared to last year's submission for this pollutants. But due to recommendation during NEC-Review 2021 the calculation of CO emissions from lime production is allocated to process emissions and first time estimated and reported here. So emission trend shows the recalculation in total.



For pollutant-specific information on recalculated emission estimates for Base Year and 2019, please see the pollutant specific recalculation tables following chapter 8.1 - Recalculations.

Planned improvements

At the moment, no category-specific improvements are planned.

1) 2)

EMEP GB 2019: Table 3-23 Tier 2 emission factors for source category 1.A.2.f.i, Lime production