# 2.B.2 - Nitric Acid Production

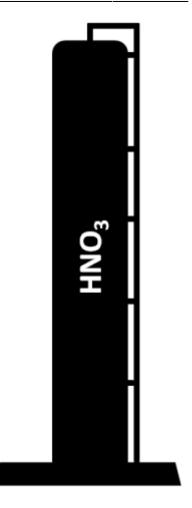
## **Short description**

Category Code	•	Met		AD					EF									
2.B.2	2					PS					D							
	NO <sub>x</sub>	NMVOC	<b>SO</b> <sub>2</sub>	NH3	PM <sub>2.5</sub>	<b>PM</b> <sub>10</sub>	TSP	BC	со	Pb	Cd	Hg	Diox	PAH	HCB			
Key Category:	-/-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
<b>T</b> = key source	by Tr	end <b>L</b> = k	ey s	ource	e by L	evel												
Methods																		
						efault												
					ier 1 / Simple Methodology *													
			_	Tier 2*														
				_	Tier 3 / Detailed Methodology *													
	С				RINAI													
	CS			_	untry	Speci	fic											
	Μ				del													
* as described i					n Inve	entory	Guio	lebo	ok ·	- 20	19,	in t	he gr	oup s	pecifi			
AD - Data Sou			ty D	ata	_													
NS National Sta																		
RS Regional Sta					_													
IS International Statistics			_															
PS Plant Specific data   As Associations, business organisations			-															
					_													
<b>Q</b> specific Que		naires (or	surv	/eys	2													
M Model / Mod					_													
C Confidential																		
EF - Emission																		
D Default (EM		iidebook)																
C Confidential																		
CS Country Spe																		
PS Plant Specif		a																
Model / Mod	elled																	

During the production of nitric acid ( $HNO_3$ ), nitrogen oxide is produced unintentionally in a secondary reaction during the catalytic oxidation of ammonia ( $NH_3$ ).  $HNO_3$  production occurs in two process stages:

- Oxidation of  $\mathrm{NH}_{\scriptscriptstyle 3}$  to NO and
- Conversion of NO to NO<sub>2</sub> and absorption in H<sub>2</sub>O.

Details of the process are outlined below:



#### Catalytic oxidation of ammonia

A mixture of ammonia and air at a ratio of 1:9 is oxidised, in the presence of a platinum catalyst alloyed with rhodium and/or palladium, at a temperature of between 800 and 950 °C. The reaction according to the Oswald process is as follows:

 $4 \text{ NH}_3 + 5 \text{ O}_2 \rightarrow 4 \text{ NO} + 6 \text{ H}_2\text{O}$ 

Simultaneously, nitrogen, nitrous oxide and water are formed by the following undesired secondary reactions:

 $4 \text{ NH}_3 + 3 \text{ O}_2 \rightarrow 2 \text{ N}_2 + 6 \text{ H}_2\text{O}$ 

 $4 \text{ NH}_3 + 4 \text{ O}_2 \rightarrow 2 \text{ N}_2\text{O} + 6 \text{ H}_2\text{O}$ 

All three oxidation reactions are exothermic. Heat may be recovered to produce steam for the process and for export to other plants and/or to preheat the residual gas. The reaction water is condensed in a cooling condenser, during the cooling of the reaction gases, and is then conveyed into the absorption column.

## Method

In Germany, there are currently nine nitric acid plants.

#### Activity data

As this source category is a key category for  $N_2O$ , plant specific activity data is collected here according to the IPCC guidelines.

This data is made available basically via a co-operation agreement with the nitric acid producers and the IVA (Industrieverband Agrar). As the data provided by the producers has to be treated as confidential, it is anonymised by the IVA before submitting it to the UBA, with one producer as exception who is delivering its data directly to the UBA. After

checking this specific data, it is merged with that provided by the IVA.

According to the IVA, catalytic reduction is used as an abatement method in some of the plants.

#### **Emission factors**

Different T2 default NO<sub>x</sub> emission factors based on different technology types and abatement systems are used from the EEA Emission Inventory Guidebook 2019 (EF for medium and high pressure processes and for catalytic reduction of low, medium and high pressure process)<sup>1)</sup>. The applied emissions factors are listed in **Table 1**.

Table 1: Tier 2 emission factors of NO<sub>x</sub> for source category 2.B.2 Nitric acid production, in [kg/t]

<b>Emission factor</b>	Process									
7.5	medium pressure process									
3	high pressure process									
0.4	low, medium and high pressure process, catalytic reduction									

### Recalculations

With unrevised activity data and emission factors, no recalculations have been carried out compared to last year's submission.



For **pollutant-specific information on recalculated emission estimates for Base Year and 2019**, please see the pollutant specific recalculation tables following chapter 8.1 - Recalculations.

## **Planned improvements**

No category-specific improvements are planned.

<sup>1)</sup> EEA, Oct 2019: : EMEP/EEA air pollutant emission inventory guidebook 2019, Part B: sectoral guidance chapters, 2.B Chemical industry: pp.21-23, Table 3.11, Table 3.12 and Table 3.14.