# 2.C.1 - Iron & Steel Production

# **Short description**

The source subcategory NFR 2.C.1 - Iron & Steel Production comprises process-related emissions from oxygen steel and electric steel production.

Category Code		Me	thoc				ļ	۱D					EF		
2.C.1			T2					١S					CS		
	NO,	NMVOC	SO <sub>2</sub>	NH₃	PM <sub>2.5</sub>	PM <sub>10</sub>	TSP	BC	CO	PbC	dH	lg Di	ox	PAH	HCE
Key Category:	-/-	-/-	L/-	-/-	L/T	L/T	L/T	-	L/-	L/T L	/T   L	/T L/	/T	L/T	L/-
<b>T</b> = key source l	by Tr	end $L = k$	ey s	ource	e by L	evel									
Methods															
	D			De	fault										
	Т1				er 1 / S	Simple	e Met	hod	olog	y *					
	Т2				er 2*										
	Т3				er 3 / E		ed Me	etho	odolo	gy *					
	С				RINAI										
	CS				untry	Speci	fic								
	M				del										
* as described in					n Inve	entory	/ Gui	debo	ook -	2019	9, in	n the	gro	up s	pecif
AD - Data Sou			ty D	ata	_										
NS National Sta		-			_										
RS Regional Sta					_										
IS Internationa					_										
PS Plant Specifi			!	<b>1</b>	_										
As Associations		-			-										
Q specific Que			rsurv	eys,	2										
C Confidential					-										
EF - Emission			1												
<b>D</b> Default (EMI															
<b>C</b> Confidential															
CS Country Spe															
PS Plant Specifi		а													
M Model / Mod															
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In 2020 a total of 24.1 million tonnes of raw steel were produced in six integrated steelworks. Electrical steel production amounted to another 11.5 million tonnes.

Other structural elements are sinter production, hot iron production, hot rolling, iron and steel foundries (including malleable casting). The last Siemens-Martin steelworks (Stahlwerk Brandenburg) was shut down shortly after 1990. The last Thomas steelworks (Maxhütte Sulzbach-Rosenberg) discontinued its production in 2002. Due to their minor relevance and their phase-out, the emissions from Siemens-Martin and Thomas steel production are jointly calculated with the emissions from oxygen steel production.

Energy-related emissions from steel production for the years 1990 to 1994 (for individual pollutants until 1999) are reported under 1.A Fuel combustions in the respective subcategory 1.A.2.a. A detailed explanation for the individual pollutants is also found there.



# Method

#### Activity data

Activity data is collected from plant operators by national institutions. Since the discontinuation of the special public statistics for iron and steel production (FS. 4, R. 8.1), the information is collected by the German steel trade association Wirtschaftsvereinigung Stahl (WV Stahl) based on a formal agreement.

As the activity rates for 2017 could not be provided by WV Stahl as a result of compliance issues, aggregated figures from emissions trading were used instead. The consistency of emissions trading data was verified against comparative figures for previous years. The deviations were less than 1%; only in sinter production were they noticeably higher (maximum + 8%).

In the iron and steel industry, only minor amounts of secondary fuels are used for pig iron production in individual blast furnaces. They are used as substitute reducing agents of coke and coal. To date, these materials have not yet been included in the national statistics nor in the Energy Balance. For this reason, the data used is also provided by WV Stahl.

#### **Emission factors**

The emission factors used to calculate emissions are based on emission data from individual plants. The emission factors for 1995 to 2001 were determined by the German Environment Agency (UBA for its initials in German) itself and those for 2008 and later through a research project.

As the EF for the years 1995 to 2001 as well as for 2008 are based on real stack emission data. Since both combustion and process-related emissions are released through the same stacks, emission factors could not be calculated individually for combustion or process-related emissions. Hence, wherever plant-based EF were available, as it the case for most pollutants for the years 1995 and later, all emissions are reported under 2.C.1.

Please note that the reported emissions also cover diffuse emissions from sources that are not covered in the EMEP/EEA Guidebook. For many pollutants and sources, individual EFs for channelled as well as diffuse emissions have been determined. While there is sufficient knowledge and measurement data of channelled emissions, the emission data concerning diffuse sources is usually based on estimations using parameters adapted to the local conditions of the individual emission source. Therefore, emission data for one source of diffuse emissions is not significant for the diffuse emissions from other plants. The emission factors given below were calculated as the weighted average of the pollution loads reported by the plant operators for individual diffuse sources, in relation to their corresponding production amounts.

Table 1: Overview of the emission factors applied for sinter production

Pollutant	Type of source	EF 1990	EF 1995	EF 2000	EF 2005	EF 2010	Unit
Cd			0.098		0.052	0.017	g/t
CO		19.	152	17.325	15.497	14.4	kg/t
Cr			0.077		0.044	0.02	g/t
НСВ				0.03			mg/t
Hg			0.059		0.028	0.005	g/t
Ni			0.139		0.068	0.015	g/t
NMVOC				_	kg/t		
NO <sub>x</sub>		II	E <sup>1)</sup>	0.558	0.46	0.401	kg/t
PAH	channelled	320.00	248.571	177.143	12	20	mg/t
Pb			5.299		3.242	1.7	g/t
PCB		3.0	2.285714	1.571429	1	mg/t	
PCDD/F		6.0	4.575	3.149	1.724	0.796	µg/t
SO <sub>2</sub>		II	2)	1.08	0.837	0.691	kg/t
TSP	channelled		0.65	0.465	0.234	0.096	kg/t
TSP	diffuse					0.046	kg/t
PM <sub>10</sub>	channelled		0.445	0.336	0.177	0.07	kg/t
PM <sub>10</sub>	diffuse					0.016	kg/t
PM <sub>2.5</sub>	channelled		0.214	0.206	0.13	0.056	kg/t

Table 2: Overview of the emission factors applied for pig iron production

Pollutant	Type of source	EF 1995	EF 2000	EF 2005	EF 2010	Unit			
PAH	channelled		0.5						
Cd	channelled		4.0						
Cd	diffuse		0.203						
CO	channelled	1.18	0.915	0.65	0.491	kg/t			
CO	diffuse		0.3	98		kg/t			
Cr	channelled	0.019	0.006	0.002	0.001	g/t			
Cr	diffuse		0.0	08		g/t			
Hg	channelled	2.436	0.192	0.015	0.003	mg/t			
Hg	diffuse	0.005							
Ni	channelled	21.0	21.0 6.0 2.0		1.0	mg/t			
Ni	diffuse		8.0						
NMVOC			18.	525		g/t			
NO <sub>x</sub>	channelled	0.051938	0.051938	0.051938	0.0517	kg/t			
NO <sub>x</sub>	diffuse	0.001							
Pb	channelled	0.022							
Pb	diffuse		0.0	11		g/t			
PCDD/F		0.026	0.009	0.004	0.004	µg/t			
SO <sub>2</sub>	channelled		0.2	42	2				
SO <sub>2</sub>	diffuse	0.04				kg/t			
TSP	channelled	0.022	0.015	0.01	0.008	kg/t			

Pollutant	Type of source	EF 1995	EF 2000	EF 2005	EF 2010	Unit	
TSP	diffuse		0.0	16		kg/t	
PM <sub>10</sub>	channelled	0.013	0.013 0.009 0.006 0.00		0.006	kg/t	
PM <sub>10</sub>	diffuse	0.007					
PM <sub>2.5</sub>	channelled	0.009	0.007	0.005	0.004	kg/t	

Table 3: Overview of the emission factors applied for oxygen steel production

Pollutant	Type of source	EF 1995	EF 2000	EF 2005	EF 2010	Unit	
Cd		0.053	0.038	0.024	0.016	g/t	
CO		11.500	11.077	10.654	10.400	kg/t	
Cr	channelled	0.715	0.306	0.125	0.028	g/t	
Cr	diffuse		0.0	69		g/t	
Ni	channelled	0.090	0.060	0.030	0.006	g/t	
Ni	diffuse		0.0	04		g/t	
NO <sub>x</sub>	channelled	0.006	0.005	0.005	0.004	kg/t	
NO <sub>x</sub>	diffuse		0.0	037	kg/t		
PAH	channelled	0.100					
Pb	channelled	2.941	2.941 1.883 0.82		0.189	g/t	
Pb	diffuse	0.278					
PCB		2.670	1.740	1	1	mg/t	
PCDD/F		0.070	0.070	0.070	0.069	µg/t	
SO <sub>2</sub>	diffuse	0.001					
TSP	channelled	0.155	0.145	0.145	0.024	kg/t	
TSP	diffuse		0.049				
PM <sub>10</sub>	channelled	0.099	0.093	0.093	0.020	kg/t	
PM <sub>10</sub>	diffuse	0.019					
PM <sub>2.5</sub>	channelled	0.025	0.023	0.023	0.017	kg/t	

Table 4: Overview of the emission factors applied for electric steel production

Pollutant	Type of source	EF 1995	EF 2000	EF 2005	EF 2010	Unit		
Cd		0.240	0.157	0.065	0.016	g/t		
CO	channelled	1.700	1.187	0.674	0.366	kg/t		
CO	diffuse	0.001						
Cr	channelled	0.481	0.206	0.258	0.323	g/t		
Cr	diffuse		0.8	51		g/t		
Hg	channelled	0.306	0.288	0.154	0.070	g/t		
Ni	channelled	0.483	0.207	0.145	0.124	g/t		
Ni	diffuse		0.2	84		g/t		
NMVOC		0.035	0.024	0.012	0.006	kg/t		
NO <sub>x</sub>	channelled	0.122	0.12	0.106	0.098	kg/t		
NO <sub>x</sub>	diffuse	0.014						
PAH		45	22.1	3.798	3.793	mg/t		
Pb	channelled	4.075	1.747	0.720	0.170	g/t		
Pb	diffuse	0.056						
PCB		5.68	3.360	1.500	1.500	mg/t		
PCDD/F		0.466	0.295	0.158	0.158	µg/t		
SO <sub>2</sub>	channelled	0.113						
SO <sub>2</sub>	diffuse		0.004					
TSP	channelled	0.28	0.12	0.074	0.018	kg/t		
TSP	diffuse				0.043	kg/t		
PM <sub>10</sub>	channelled	0.179	0.08	0.051	0.013	kg/t		
PM <sub>10</sub>	diffuse				0.007	kg/t		
PM <sub>2.5</sub>	channelled	0.045	0.04	0.038	0.011	kg/t		

Table 5: Overview of the emission factors applied for hot and cold rolling

Pollutant	Type of source	EF 199	95	EF 2000	EF 2005	EF 2010	unit	Trend
CO						5.0	g/t	constant
$NH_3$					0.700		g/t	constant
NMVOC					3.0		g/t	constant
NO <sub>x</sub>				0.410	0.276	0.196	kg/t	falling
SO <sub>2</sub>				0.059	0.050	0.044	kg/t	falling
TSP	channelled					0.020	kg/t	constant
TSP	diffuse					0.010	kg/t	constant
PM <sub>10</sub>	channelled					0.304	g/t	constant
PM <sub>10</sub>	diffuse					0.645	g/t	constant
PM <sub>2.5</sub>	channelled					0.266	g/t	constant

Table 6: Overview of the emission factors applied for iron and steel casting

Pollutant	EF 2010	Unit	Trend
$NH_3$	0.027	kg/t	falling
NMVOC	0.150	kg/t	constant
NO <sub>x</sub>	0.242	kg/t	falling
PAH	0.100	g/t	constant
PCDD/F	0.190	μg/t	constant
SO <sub>2</sub>	0.256	kg/t	falling
TSP	0.200	kg/t	constant
PM <sub>10</sub>	0.137	kg/t	constant
PM <sub>2.5</sub>	0.0836	kg/t	constant

### **Discussion of emission trends**

The trends in emissions correspond to the trends of emission factors given in the tables above, which are often driven by regulatory measures.

However, since 2010, the main driver of the emission trends in most cases is the activity data.

# Recalculations

For more **information on recalculated emission estimates for the Base Year and 2019**, please see the pollutant specific recalculation tables in the following chapter 8.1 - Recalculations.

# **Planned improvements**

HCB emissions from **iron and steel production** have not been included so far due to a lack of emission data (notation key NE). In the past, the standard emission factor was not considered as appropriate, because it was unclear from what kind of data the factor was derived from and to which process/activity rate it actually referred to. In order to overcome this data gap, information will be collected within the scope of a reserach project for updating and completing the emission factors for the sector. The project will start in 2021 and is designed to run for three years.

1) 2)

Emissions were reported under NRF Code 1.A.2.a