2.A.3 - Glass Production

Short description

Cate	gory Code			Meti	nod				A)				EF		
2.A.3				T2	2				AS	5				CS	;	
Key	Category	SO2	NO _×	NH₃	NMVO	CO	BC	Pb	Hg	Cd	Diox	PAH	НСВ	TSP	PM10	PM2 5
2.A.3		L/-	-/-	-/-	-/-	-	-	-/-	-	-/-	-	-	-	-/-	-/-	-/-
T = k	key source b	y Tre	end L	. = k	ey sourc	e by	Lev	el					-			
Met	hods															
		D			D	efaul	t									
		т1			Ti	er 1,	/ Sin	nple	e Me	tho	dolog	IY *				
		Т2			Ti	er 2*										
		Т3			Ti	er 3 ,	/ De	tail	ed N	1etł	nodolo	ogy *				
		С			C	DRIN	AIR									
		CS				ountr	y Sp	beci	fic							
		М				odel										
	described ir					on In	ven	tory	/ Gu	ide	book ·	- 2019	9, in t	he gi	roup s	pecific
	Data Sour			ctivi	ty Data											
	lational Stat		-													
	Regional Sta															
	nternational			5												
	Plant Specifi															
	ssociations			-		_										
	pecific Que			s (or	surveys)										
	1odel / Mode	elled														
	Confidential															
<u> </u>	Emission I															
	efault (EME	P Gu	ideb	ook)												
	Confidential															
	Country Spec															
	lant Specifi		а													
M ∕	lodel / Mode	elled														

Germany's glass industry produces a wide range of different glass types that differ in their chemical composition. Germany's glass sector comprises the following sub-sectors: container glass, flat glass, domestic glass, special glass and mineral fibres (glass and stone wool). The largest production quantities are found in the sectors of container glass and flat glass. Further processing and treatment of glass and glass objects are not considered.

Methodology

The emissions are calculated via a higher Tier method resembling a Tier 2 method, as the activity rates are tied to specific emission factors for different glass types.

Activity data

The production figures are taken from the regularly appearing annual reports of the Federal Association of the German Glass Industry (Bundesverband Glasindustrie; BV Glas). "Production" refers to the amount of glass produced, which is considered to be equivalent to the amount of glass melted down.

Emission factors

The procedure used to determine emission factors for the various glass types involved and the pertinent emissions is described in detail in reports of two research projects (2008: Report-No. 001264, 2021: Texte 45/2021). The emission factors were calculated for the various industry sectors. The factors vary over time in keeping with industry monitoring, not only as steady trends, but falling in most cases. The most recently EF are for different glass types the following:

Table 1: Overview of most recently applied emission factors

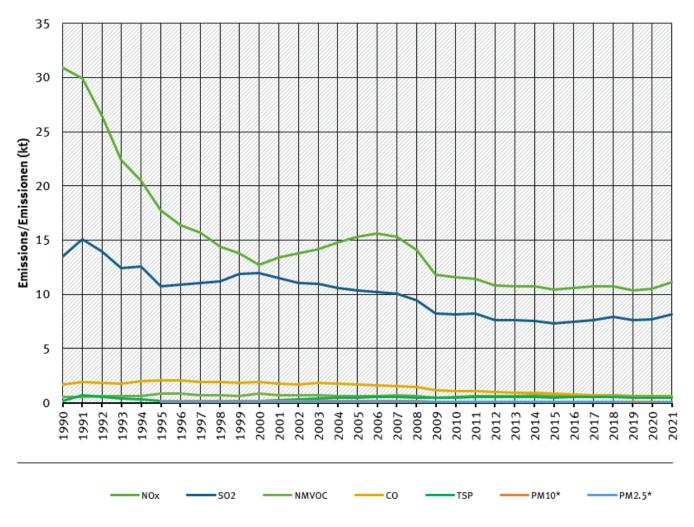
Pollutant	Name of Category	EF	Unit	Trend
NO _x	xx	0.5	kg/t	X

Trends in emissions

Trends in emissions correspond to trends of emission factors and of production development. The resulting trends are not constant, as a result of different EF for various glass types. So emissions of SO_2 couldn't decrease due to increased production Level of a relevant product.

trends of emissions of glass industry

Emissions by pollutant / Emissionen nach Schadstoff



* Base Year for PM = 1995 / Basisjahr für Feinstäube (PM) ist 1995 Source: German Emission Inventory (15.01.2023)

Emission trends in NFR 2.A.3

Recalculations

Recalculations were necessary due to updated activity data for the last reported year.



For pollutant-specific information on recalculated emission estimates for Base Year and 2018, please see the pollutant specific recalculation tables following chapter 8.1 - Recalculations.

Planned improvements

For purposes of updating the EF project has started in 2019, results from 2020¹⁾ are planned to be use for Submission 2022.

¹⁾ ReFoPlan FKZ – 3719 52 1010: "Überarbeitung der Emissionsfaktoren für Luftschadstoffe in den Branchen Zementklinkerproduktion und Glasherstellung"