5.D.1 - Domestic & Commercial Wastewater Handling

Short description

Category Code	Method					AD					EF				
5.D.1	T1					NS					D				
Key Category	NOx	NMVOC	SO2	NH3	PM2_5	PM10	TSP	ВС	СО	РΒ	Cd	Hg	Diox	PAH	НСВ
5.D.1	-	-/-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

T = key source by Trend L = key source by Level

Default				
Tier 1 / Simple Methodology *				
Tier 2*				
Tier 3 / Detailed Methodology *				
CORINAIR				
Country Specific				
Model				

^{*} as described in the EMEP/EEA Emission Inventory Guidebook - 2019, in the group specific chapters.

- Data Source for Activity Data
National Statistics
Regional Statistics
International Statistics
Plant Specific data
Associations, business organisations
specific Questionnaires (or surveys)
Model / Modelled
Confidential

- Emission Factors
Default (EMEP Guidebook)
Confidential
Country Specific
Plant Specific data
Model / Modelled

In category **5.D.1**, <u>NMVOC emissions</u> from domestic and commercial wastewater handling are reported. The domestic section is covered by wastewaters of municipal origin (large centralised plants; ranging from 1000 up to >100.000 resident values). The commercial section is covered by industrial and commercial wastewaters, co-treated in municipal wwt-plants.

Method

Emissions reported under this category are calculated using the Tier 1 approach of the EMEP/EEA Guidebook 2019, where the emission factor (EF) is 15 mg/m³ wastewater (Part B, 5.D, chap. 3.2.2, Table 3-1, p. 7 ¹⁾). This EF is multiplied with the total amount of wastewater (AD) treated in domestic and commercial wwt-plants, following the equation:

Emissions (NMVOC) = AD x EF (ibid., chap. 3.2.1)

Activity data

Total volumes of treated municipal wastewater are derived by the German statistical agency (Statistisches Bundesamt, Fachserie 19, Reihe 2.1.2 ²⁾). The data source is published on a three-year basis with new data only for the respective year of

the update. The availability of the data starts in 1991 with an exception for the following update, which was for 1995. Missing data are inter- or extrapolated

Emisson factors

See method

Uncertainties

The AD from Statistisches Bundesamt have an uncertainty of $\pm 3\%$ (normal distribution) whereas the uncertainty for the EF, due to its range (5/50 mg/m³), is -70 / +210 % and the distribution lognormal.

Recalculations

Recalculations were not necessary

Planned improvements

Currently no improvements are planned.

¹⁾ EMEP/EEA, 2019: EMEP/EEA air pollutant emission inventory guidebook 2019, Copenhagen, 2019

²⁾ Statistisches Bundesamt, Fachserie 19, Reihe 2.1.2