# **1.A.2.f - Stationary Combustion in Manufacturing Industries and Construction: Non-Metallic Minerals**

# **Short Description**

Sub-category 1.A.2.f - Non Ferrous Metals refers to emissions from fuel consumption for burning processes in energy-intensive mineral industries.

Category Code		Ме	tho	d				AD					EF	•	
1.A.2.f		•	Т1					NS					CS	5	
	NO,	NMVOC	SO	2 NH3	PM <sub>2.5</sub>	<b>PM</b> <sub>10</sub>	TSF	BC	со	PB	Cd	Hg	Diox	PAH	HCB
Key Category:	-/-	-/-	-/-	-/-	-	-	-/-	-	-/-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Method(s) app	lied														
D			Defa	ault											
T1		-	Tier	1 / Si	mple I	Metho	dolo	gy *							
T2		-	Tier	2*											
Т3					etailec	l Meth	nodo	logy	*						
С			COR	RINAIR											
CS				-	pecifi	2									
M			Mod	-											
* as described in			A E	missic	n Inve	entory	' Gui	debo	ook	- 20	19,	in c	atego	ory ch	aptei
(source for) Ac	tivit	-													
NS			-		Statist										
RS			-		Statist										
IS					nal St	atistic	S								
PS				t Spe											
As					ons, bu			-							
Q			· ·		uestio		es (c	or su	rvey	/S)					
M					odelle	a									
C				fident	lai										
(source for) En D	nissi			I+ / Г				1							
CS					MEP C		JOOK	)							
PS				ntry S It Spe	pecific	-									
P3 M				•	odelle	4									
C				fident		u									
L			CON	nuent											



In order of significance relating energy use and emissions, the covered industries are:

- burning of cement clinker,
- burning of quicklime,
- melting of glass,
- burning of ceramics.

### Method

Regarding the burning processes emissions can allocated to the use of fuels or to the production process. Current allocation is regarding the main importance of the production process.

#### Activity data

The key source of all conventional fuel data is the national energy balance. Moreover the use of additional statistical data is necessary in order to disaggregate data. Data source for fuel inputs for energy-related process combustion in cement industry are manufacturing-sector statistics (Statistik des produzierenden Gewerbes); reporting number (Melde-Nr.) 23.51, Cement production. Furthermore the cement industry uses significant amounts of substitute fuels that do not appear in national statistics and in the Energy Balance. Relevant production figures and fuel-use amounts have been taken from statistics of the VDZ cement-industry association. The fuel-input data for ceramics production has also been taken from manufacturing industry statistics (Statistik des produzierenden Gewerbes); reporting no. (Melde-Nr.) 23.32, brickworks (Ziegelei), production of other construction ceramics. The same statistic is also used as source for fuel input of glass ( reporting number: 23.1, Production of glass and glassware) and lime production (reporting number: 23.52, Lime).

#### Emissions

Due to allocating emissions to process part we have removed most of time series inconsistencies. The current situation is the following:

Table 1: relevance of emission sources regarding the fuel use due to burning processes in 1.A.2.f

	SO,	NOx	СО	NMVOC	NH₃	TSP	BC
cement	IE1	IE1	medium	IE <sup>1</sup>	$IE^1$	IE <sup>2</sup>	NE
lime	IE1	IE1	IE1	IE <sup>1</sup>	low	IE <sup>2</sup>	NE
glass	IE <sup>2</sup>	IE1	IE1	IE <sup>1</sup>	$IE^1$	IE <sup>2</sup>	NE
ceramics	IE <sup>3</sup>	IE <sup>3</sup>	low	IE <sup>1</sup>	IE <sup>1</sup>	IE <sup>1</sup>	NE

<sup>1</sup> Included in process related emissions, in all cases it is the link to complementary source category.

<sup>2</sup> Some artifacts occur for 1990 emissions that cannot be shifted.

<sup>3</sup> Inclusion in process related emissions occurs from different time points onwards.

The entire appraisal of the emissions situation succeeds only in connection with the process related emissions. Especially further relevant pollutants as heavy metals or persistent organics are shown as process related generally.

### Recalculations



No recalculations were estimates for Base Year and 2020.

# **Planned improvements**

At the moment, no category-specific improvements are planned.