3.I - Agricultural: Other

Short description

NFR-Cod	e Nar	ne of	Categ	jory				М	eth		AD	EF			5	state	of re	portin	
3.1	Agri	icultur	re othe	r															
consistin	g of ,	/ inclu	uding	sour	ce c	atego	ries												
3.I	Stor	age o	of diges	tate	from	energ	jy cro	ps T2	2 (Nł	H₃, NC) _x)	Q, PS	CS	(N⊦	I₃, NC) _x)			
	1	NO _x N	муос	SO ₂	NH₃	PM _{2.5}	PM ₁₀	TSP	BC	CO P	b	Cd H	g Di	iox	PAH	HC	В		
Key Categ		-/-	-	-	-/-	-	-	-	-		-			-	-	-			
Method(s) ap	plied					•	•					-						
	D	-		De	fault														
	T	L		Tie	r1/	Simpl	e Met	hodo	logy	, *									
	T	2		_	r 2*				57										
	T3	3		Tie	r 3 /	Detai	ed Me	ethoo	doloc	gy *									
	С			со	RINA	AIR													
	CS	5		Co	untr	/ Spec	ific												
	M Model																		
* as desc	ribed	in the	EMEP/	EEA B	Emis	sion Ir	vento	ory G	uide	book	- 2	2019,	in c	ate	gory	cha	pters.		
(source f	for) A	ctivit	ty Data	а															
	NS	5		Na	tiona	al Stat	stics												
	RS	5		Re	gion	al Stat	istics												
	IS	5		Int	erna	tional	Statis	tics											
	PS	5		Pla	nt S	pecific													
	A	5		Ass	socia	itions,	busin	ess o	orga	nisati	on	s							
	Q					Ques		aires	(or s	surve	ys))							
	Μ					Mode	lled												
	C					ential													
(source f	for) E	missi	ion Fa																
	D			_		(EME		lebo	ok)										
	CS	-		_		/ Spec													
	PS	-				pecific													
	M			_		Mode	lled												
	C			Co	nfide	ential													

Country specifics

In 2021, NH₃ emissions from category 3.I (agriculture other) derived up to 0.7 % from total agricultural emissions, which is equal to ~ 3.2 kt NH₃ . NO_x emissions from category 3.I contribute 0.16 % (~ 0.17 kt) to the total agricultural emissions. All these emissions originate from the storage of digestate from energy crops (for details on anaerobic digestion of energy crops see Rösemann et al. 2023, Chapter 5.1 ¹⁾. The emissions resulting from the application of energy crop digestates as organic fertilizer are dealt with under 3.D.a.2.c.

Activity Data

Time series of activity data have been provided by KTBL (Kuratorium für Technik und Bauwesen in der Landwirtschaft / Association for Technology and Structures in Agriculture). From these data the amount of N in energy crops fed into anaerobic digestion was calculated.

Table 1: N amount in energy crops fed into anaerobic digestion

N amount in energy crops in Gg N

1	1990	1995	2000	2005	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
	0.1	0.7	5.6	47.6	172.0	214.5	234.9	284.1	297.3	308.8	307.1	302.1	297.6	297.8	304.2	304.2

Table 2: Distribution of gastight storage and storage in open tank of energy crop digestates

	Distribution of gastight storage and non-gastight storage, in $\%$															
	1990	1995	2000	2005	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
gastight	0.0	4.7	9.4	15.8	42.2	47.5	59.4	61.9	63.9	64.6	64.8	64.5	64.8	65.5	65.8	65.8
non-gastight	100.0	95.3	90.6	84.2	57.8	52.5	40.6	38.1	36.1	35.4	35.2	35.5	35.2	34.5	34.2	34.2

Methodology

The calculation of emissions from storage of digestate from energy crops considers two different types of storage, i.e. gastight storage and open tank. The frequencies of these storage types are also provided by KTBL (see Table 2). There are no emissions of NH_3 and NO from gastight storage of digestate. Hence the total emissions from the storage of digestate are calculated by multiplying the amount of N in the digestate leaving the fermenter with the relative frequency of open tanks and the emission factor for open tank. The amount of N in the digestate leaving the fermenter is identical to the N amount in energy crops fed into anaerobic digestion (see Table 1) because N losses from pre-storage are negligible and there are no N losses from fermenter (see Vos et al. 2022, Chapter 10.2.1.).

Emission factors

As no specific emission factor is known for the storage of digestion residues in open tanks, the NH₃ emission factor for storage of cattle slurry with crust in open tanks was adopted (0.045 kg NH₃ -N per kg TAN). This choice of emission factor is based on the fact that energy crops are, in general, co-fermented with animal manures (i. e. mostly slurry) and that a natural crust forms on the liquid digestates due to the relatively high dry matter content of the energy crops. The TAN content after the digestion process is 0.56 kg TAN per kg N. The NO emission factor for storage of digestion residues in open tanks was set to 0.0005 kg NO-N per kg N. Table 3 shows the resulting implied emission factors for NH₃ -N and NO-N. NO_x emissions are related to NO-N emissions by the ratio of 46/14. This relationship also holds for NO-N and NO_x emission factors.

Table 3: IEF for NH_3 -N and NO-N emissions from storage of digested energy crops

1990	1995	2000	2005	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
	IEF in kg NH ₃ -N per kg N in digested energy crops														
0.0252	0.0240	0.0228	0.0212	0.0146	0.0132	0.0102	0.0096	0.0091	0.0089	0.0089	0.0089	0.0089	0.0087	0.0086	0.0086
	IEF in kg NO-N per kg N in digested energy crops														
0.00050	$0.00050 \\ 0.00048 \\ 0.00045 \\ 0.00042 \\ 0.00029 \\ 0.00026 \\ 0.00026 \\ 0.00020 \\ 0.00019 \\ 0.00018 \\ 0.00$													0.00017	

Trend discussion for Key Sources

 NH_3 and NO_x from storage of anaerobically digested energy crops are no key source.

Recalculations

All time series of the emission inventory have completely been recalculated since 1990. Table REC-1 shows the effects of recalculations on NH_3 and NO_x emissions from storage of anaerobically digested energy crops. Differences to last year's submission occur only in 2019 and are due to the update of activity data (see main page of the agricultural sector, Chapter 5 - NFR 3 - Agriculture (OVERVIEW), **recalculation reason No 16**). For further details on recalculations see Vos et al. (2022), Chapter 3.5.2.

Table REC-1: Comparison of NH_3 and NO_x emissions of the submissions (SUB) 2021 and 2022

NH3	NH ₃ / NO _x emissions in Gg															
	SUB	1990	1995	2000	2005	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
NH ₃	2022	0.0015	0.0190	0.1563	1.2267	3.0426	3.4504	2.9206	3.3062	3.2814	3.3428	3.3004	3.2741	3.2013	3.1419	3.1419
NH ₃	2021	0.0015	0.0190	0.1563	1.2267	3.0426	3.4504	2.9206	3.3062	3.2814	3.3428	3.3004	3.2741	3.2013	3.2013	
NO _x	2022	0.0001	0.0010	0.0084	0.0659	0.1634	0.1852	0.1568	0.1775	0.1762	0.1795	0.1772	0.1758	0.1719	0.1687	0.1687

NOx 2021 0.0001 0.0010 0.0084 0.0659 0.1634 0.1852 0.1568 0.1775 0.1762 0.1795 0.1772 0.1758 0.1719 0.1719



For **pollutant-specific information on recalculated emission estimates for Base Year and 2019**, please see the pollutant specific recalculation tables following chapter 8.1 - Recalculations.

Uncertainty

Details are described in chapter 1.7.

1)

Rösemann C, Vos C, Haenel H-D, Dämmgen U, Döring U, Wulf S, Eurich-Menden B, Freibauer A, Döhler H, Steuer B, Osterburg B, Fuß R (2023) Calculations of gaseous and particulate emissions from German agriculture 1990 – 2021: Report on methods and data (RMD) Submission 2023.

https://www.thuenen.de/de/fachinstitute/agrarklimaschutz/arbeitsbereiche/emissionsinventare