3.I - Agricultural: Other 1/3

# 3.I - Agricultural: Other

# **Short description**

NFR-Cod	е		Nan	ne of C	Catego	ry			Meth	nod	AD		EF		
3.1	Ag	ricultu	ıre: ot	ner											
consisting	g of / ii	ncludii	ng sou	rce cat	egorie	s:									
3.1	St	orage	of dige	estate 1	state from energy crops					NO <sub>x</sub> )	Q, PS	CS	(NH₃,	NO <sub>x</sub> )	
Method(	s) ap	plied													
	D	)		Defa	Default										
	T:	L		Tier	Tier 1 / Simple Methodology *										
	T	2		Tier	2*										
	T3	3		Tier	Tier 3 / Detailed Methodology *										
	С	•		COR	INAIR										
	CS	5		Cour	ntry Sp	ecific									
	M	<u> </u>		Mod	el										
* as desc	ribed	in the	EMEP/	EEA En	nission	Inver	ntory	Guid	ebook	- 2019	, in cat	egor	y cha	pters.	
(source	for) A	ctivit	y Dat	_											
	N:	S		Natio	onal St	atistic	S								
	RS	S		Regi	onal St	atistic	CS								
	IS	<u> </u>		Inter	International Statistics										
	PS	S		_	Plant Specific										
	A	5		_	Associations, business organisations										
	Q	<u> </u>			specific Questionnaires (or surveys)										
	M			_	Model / Modelled										
	С				Confidential										
(source			on Fa	_											
	D			_	Default (EMEP Guidebook)										
	CS	<u> </u>		_	Country Specific										
	PS			_	Plant Specific										
	M			_	Model / Modelled										
	С			Conf	Confidential										
NO <sub>x</sub> NN	IVOC	SO <sub>2</sub>	NH <sub>3</sub>	PM <sub>2.5</sub>	PM <sub>10</sub>	TSP	ВС	СО	Heav	y Meta	ıls PO	Ps			
-/-	NA	NA	-/-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA		NA	N.	Α			
<b>L/-</b> key s															
<b>-/T</b> key s															
<b>L/T</b> key s															
-/- no ke															
IE emiss									e. in ar	nother	catego	ry)			
NE emiss															
NA speci	fic pol	lutant	not er					or act	ivity =	Not A	pplicat	ole			
*				n	o anal	ysis d	one								

#### **Country specifics**

In 2021,  $NH_3$  emissions from category 3.I (agriculture other) derived up to 0.7 % from total agricultural emissions, which is equal to  $\sim 3.2$  kt  $NH_3$ .  $NO_x$  emissions from category 3.I contribute 0.16 % ( $\sim 0.17$  kt) to the total agricultural emissions. All these emissions originate from the storage of digestate from energy crops (for details on anaerobic digestion of energy crops see Rösemann et al. 2023, Chapter 5.1  $^{1)}$ . The emissions resulting from the application of energy crop digestates as organic fertilizer are dealt with under 3.D.a.2.c.

### **Activity Data**

3.I - Agricultural: Other 2/3

Time series of activity data have been provided by KTBL (Kuratorium für Technik und Bauwesen in der Landwirtschaft / Association for Technology and Structures in Agriculture). From these data the amount of N in energy crops fed into anaerobic digestion was calculated.

Table 1: N amount in energy crops fed into anaerobic digestion

	N amount in energy crops in Gg N														
1990	1995	2000	2005	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
0.1	0.7	5.6	47.6	172.0	214.5	234.9	284.1	297.3	308.8	307.1	302.1	297.6	297.8	304.2	304.2

Table 2: Distribution of gastight storage and storage in open tank of energy crop digestates

	Distribution of gastight storage and non-gastight storage, in $\%$															
	1990	1995	2000	2005	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
gastight	0.0	4.7	9.4	15.8	42.2	47.5	59.4	61.9	63.9	64.6	64.8	64.5	64.8	65.5	65.8	65.8
non-gastight	100.0	95.3	90.6	84.2	57.8	52.5	40.6	38.1	36.1	35.4	35.2	35.5	35.2	34.5	34.2	34.2

### Methodology

The calculation of emissions from storage of digestate from energy crops considers two different types of storage, i.e. gastight storage and open tank. The frequencies of these storage types are also provided by KTBL (see Table 2). There are no emissions of NH<sub>3</sub> and NO from gastight storage of digestate. Hence the total emissions from the storage of digestate are calculated by multiplying the amount of N in the digestate leaving the fermenter with the relative frequency of open tanks and the emission factor for open tank. The amount of N in the digestate leaving the fermenter is identical to the N amount in energy crops fed into anaerobic digestion (see Table 1) because N losses from pre-storage are negligible and there are no N losses from fermenter (see Rösemann et al. 2023, Chapter 5.1).

#### **Emission factors**

As no specific emission factor is known for the storage of digestion residues in open tanks, the  $NH_3$  emission factor for storage of cattle slurry with crust in open tanks was adopted (0.045 kg  $NH_3$ -N per kg TAN). This choice of emission factor is based on the fact that energy crops are, in general, co-fermented with animal manures (i. e. mostly slurry) and that a natural crust forms on the liquid digestates due to the relatively high dry matter content of the energy crops. The TAN content after the digestion process is 0.56 kg TAN per kg N. The NO emission factor for storage of digestion residues in open tanks was set to 0.0005 kg NO-N per kg N. Table 3 shows the resulting implied emission factors for  $NH_3$ -N and NO-N.  $NO_x$  emissions are related to NO-N emissions by the ratio of 46/14. This relationship also holds for NO-N and  $NO_x$  emission factors.

Table 3: IEF for  $NH_3$  -N and NO-N emissions from storage of digested energy crops

1990	1995	2000	2005	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
IEF in kg NH₃-N per kg N in digested energy crops															
0.0252	0.0240	0.0228	0.0212	0.0146	0.0132	0.0102	0.0096	0.0091	0.0089	0.0089	0.0089	0.0089	0.0087	0.0086	0.0086
IEF in kg NO-N per kg N in digested energy crops															
0.00050	0.00048	0.00045	0.00042	0.00029	0.00026	0.00020	0.00019	0.00018	0.00018	0.00018	0.00018	0.00018	0.00017	0.00017	0.00017

#### **Trend discussion for Key Sources**

NH<sub>3</sub> and NO<sub>4</sub> from storage of anaerobically digested energy crops are no key source.

#### Recalculations

All time series of the emission inventory have completely been recalculated since 1990. Table REC-1 shows the effects of recalculations on  $NH_3$  and  $NO_x$  emissions from storage of anaerobically digested energy crops. Differences to last year's submission occur only in 2020 and are due to the update of activity data (see main page of the agricultural sector, Chapter 5 - NFR 3 - Agriculture (OVERVIEW), **recalculation reason No 15**). For further details on recalculations see Rösemann et al. (2032), Chapter 1.3.

3.I - Agricultural: Other

	NH <sub>3</sub> / NO <sub>x</sub> emissions in Gg																
	SUB	1990	1995	2000	2005	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
NΗ <sub>3</sub>	2023	0.0015	0.0190	0.1563	1.2267	3.0426	3.4504	2.9206	3.3062	3.2814	3.3428	3.3004	3.2741	3.2013	3.1419	3.1782	3.1782
NH <sub>3</sub>	2022	0.0015	0.0190	0.1563	1.2267	3.0426	3.4504	2.9206	3.3062	3.2814	3.3428	3.3004	3.2741	3.2013	3.1419	3.1419	
NO <sub>x</sub>	2023	0.0001	0.0010	0.0084	0.0659	0.1634	0.1852	0.1568	0.1775	0.1762	0.1795	0.1772	0.1758	0.1719	0.1687	0.1706	0.1706
NO <sub>x</sub>	2022	0.0001	0.0010	0.0084	0.0659	0.1634	0.1852	0.1568	0.1775	0.1762	0.1795	0.1772	0.1758	0.1719	0.1687	0.1687	



For pollutant-specific information on recalculated emission estimates for Base Year and 2021, please see the tables following chapter 8.1 - Recalculations.

## **Uncertainty**

Details are described in chapter 1.7.

1)

Rösemann C, Vos C, Haenel H-D, Dämmgen U, Döring U, Wulf S, Eurich-Menden B, Freibauer A, Döhler H, Steuer B, Osterburg B, Fuß R (2023) Calculations of gaseous and particulate emissions from German agriculture 1990 – 2021: Report on methods and data (RMD) Submission 2023. www.eminv-agriculture.de