3.I - Agricultural: Other

Short description

NFR-Code	Name	e of Category	Method	AD	EF						
3.I	Agriculture: othe	er									
consisting of	f / including sourc	e categories:									
3.1	Storage of diges	tate from energy crops	T2 (NH ₃ , NO _x)	Q, PS	CS (NH ₃ , NO _x)						
Method(s)	applied										
	D										
	Т1	Tier 1 / Simple Methodo	logy *								
	T2	Tier 2*									
	T3 Tier 3 / Detailed Methodology *										
	C CORINAIR										
	CS	Country Specific									
	М	Model									
* as describ	ed in the EMEP/E	EA Emission Inventory G	uidebook - 2019), in cat	egory chapters.						
(source for	[•]) Activity Data										
	NS	National Statistics									
	RS	Regional Statistics									
	IS	International Statistics									
	PS	Plant Specific									
	As	Associations, business o	organisations								
	Q	specific Questionnaires	(or surveys)								
	М	Model / Modelled									
	С	Confidential									
(source for	r) Emission Fac	tors									
	D	Default (EMEP Guideboo	ok)								
	CS	Country Specific									
	PS	Plant Specific									
	М	Model / Modelled									
	С	Confidential									

NO	NMVOC	SO ₂	NΗ₃	PM _{2.5}	PM ₁₀	TSP	BC	CO	Heavy Metals	POPs			
-/-	NA	NA	-/-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA			
L/-	L/- key source by Level only												
-/T	-/T key source by Trend only												
L/T	T key source by both Level and Trend												
-/-	/- no key source for this pollutant												
IE	IE emission of specific pollutant Included Elsewhere (i.e. in another category)												
NE	NE emission of specific pollutant Not Estimated (yet)												
NA	specific pol	lutant	not ei	mitted	from th	nis sou	urce o	or act	ivity = N ot A pp	licable			
*				n	o anal	ysis do	one						

Country specifics

In 2022, NH₃ emissions from category 3.I (agriculture other) reached up to 0.49 % from total agricultural emissions, which is equal to ~ 2.3 kt NH₃. NO_x emissions from category 3.I contribute 0.12 % (~ 0.12 kt) to the total agricultural emissions. All these emissions originate from the storage of digestate from energy crops (for details on anaerobic digestion of energy crops see Vos et al. 2024, Chapter 5.1¹). The emissions resulting from the application of energy crop digestates as organic fertilizer are dealt with under 3.D.a.2.c.

Activity Data

Time series of activity data have been provided by KTBL (Kuratorium für Technik und Bauwesen in der Landwirtschaft / Association for Technology and Structures in Agriculture). From these data the amount of N in energy crops fed into anaerobic digestion was calculated.

Table 1: N amount in energy crops fed into anaerobic digestion

	N amount in energy crops in Gg N													
1990 1995 2000 2005 2010 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021 2								2022						
0.0	0.6	5.3	45.1	163.0	293.7	292.2	287.4	283.2	283.2	289.3	283.8	283.8		

Table 2: Distribution of gastight storage and storage in open tank of energy crop digestates

Di	Distribution of gastight storage and non-gastight storage, in $\%$														
	1990	1995	2000	2005	2010	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022		
gastight	0.0	4.7	9.4	15.8	42.2	64.0	65.6	67.1	68.7	70.2	71.8	73.3	73.3		
non-gastight	100.0	95.3	90.6	84.2	57.8	36.0	34.4	32.9	31.3	29.8	28.2	26.7	26.7		

Methodology

The calculation of emissions from storage of digestate from energy crops considers two different types of storage, i.e. gastight storage and open tank. The frequencies of these storage types are also provided by KTBL (see Table 2). There are no emissions of NH_3 and NO from gastight storage of digestate. Hence the total emissions from the storage of digestate are calculated by multiplying the amount of N in the digestate leaving the fermenter with the relative frequency of open tanks and the emission factor for open tank. The amount of N in the digestate leaving the fermenter is identical to the N amount in energy crops fed into anaerobic digestion (see Table 1) because N losses from pre-storage are negligible and there are no N losses from fermenter (see Vos et al. 2024, Chapter 5.1).

Emission factors

As no specific emission factor is known for the storage of digestion residues in open tanks, the NH_3 emission factor for storage of cattle slurry with crust in open tanks was adopted (0.045 kg NH_3 -N per kg TAN). This choice of emission factor is based on the fact that energy crops are, in general, co-fermented with animal manures (i. e. mostly slurry) and that a natural crust forms on the liquid digestates due to the relatively high dry matter content of the energy crops. The TAN content after the digestion process is 0.56 kg TAN per kg N. The NO emission factor for storage of digestion residues in open tanks was set to 0.0005 kg NO-N per kg N. Table 3 shows the resulting implied emission factors for NH_3 -N and NO-N. NO_x emissions are related to NO-N emissions by the ratio of 46/14. This relationship also holds for NO-N and NO_x emission factors.

1990	1995	2000	2005	2010	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022		
	IEF in kg NH ₃ -N per kg N in digested energy crops													
0.0252	0.0240	0.0228	0.0212	0.0146	0.0090	0.0086	0.0083	0.0079	0.0075	0.0071	0.0067	0.0067		
	IEF in kg NO-N per kg N in digested energy crops													
0.00050	0.00048	0.00045	0.00042	0.00029	0.00018	0.00017	0.00016	0.00016	0.00015	0.00014	0.00013	0.00013		

Trend discussion for Key Sources

 $\text{NH}_{\scriptscriptstyle 3}$ and $\text{NO}_{\scriptscriptstyle x}$ from storage of anaerobically digested energy crops are no key source.

Recalculations

All time series of the emission inventory have completely been recalculated since 1990. Table REC-1 shows the effects of recalculations on NH_3 and NO_x emissions from storage of anaerobically digested energy crops. Differences to last year's submission occur in all years and are due to the update of activity data (see main page of the agricultural sector, Chapter 5 -

NFR 3 - Agriculture (OVERVIEW), **recalculation No. 13**). For further details on recalculations see Vos et al. (2024), Chapter 1.3.

	1990	1995	2000	2005	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Ammonia													
current submission	0.0015	0.0180	0.1482	1.1624	3.2281	3.2124	3.0579	2.8835	2.7108	2.5822	2.5074	2.3137	2.3137
previous submission	0.0015	0.0190	0.1563	1.2267	3.2814	3.3428	3.3004	3.2741	3.2013	3.1419	3.1782	3.1782	
absolute change	0.00	0.00	-0.01	-0.06	-0.05	-0.13	-0.24	-0.39	-0.49	-0.56	-0.67	-0.86	
relative change [%]	-5.19	-5.19	-5.19	-5.24	-1.62	-3.90	-7.35	-11.93	-15.32	-17.81	-21.11	-27.20	
Nitrogen oxides													
current submission	0.0001	0.0010	0.0080	0.0624	0.1733	0.1725	0.1642	0.1548	0.1455	0.1386	0.1346	0.1242	0.1242
previous submission	0.0001	0.0010	0.0084	0.0659	0.1762	0.1795	0.1772	0.1758	0.1719	0.1687	0.1706	0.1706	
absolute change	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	-0.01	-0.01	-0.02	-0.03	-0.03	-0.04	-0.05	
relative change [%]	-5.19	-5.19	-5.19	-5.24	-1.62	-3.90	-7.35	-11.93	-15.32	-17.81	-21.11	-27.20	

Table 4 - REC-1: Revised NH₃ and NO_x emissions, in kilotonnes



For pollutant-specific information on recalculated emission estimates for Base Year and 2021, please see the tables following chapter 8.1 - Recalculations.

Uncertainty

Details are described in chapter 1.7.

1)

Vos C, Rösemann C, Haenel H-D, Dämmgen U, Döring U, Wulf S, Eurich-Menden B, Freibauer A, Döhler H, Steuer B, Osterburg B, Fuß R (2024) Calculations of gaseous and particulate emissions from German agriculture 1990 – 2022: Report on methods and data (RMD) Submission 2024. www.eminv-agriculture.de