2.A.5.a - Quarrying & Mining - Other Than Coal

Category Code					Me	thod			AD		EF
2.A.5.a				T:	1/T2			NS/IS/AS		CS	
Met	thod(s) ap	plied									
D				Defa	Default						
T1				Tier	Tier 1 / Simple Methodology *						
T2				Tier	Tier 2*						
Т3				Tier	Tier 3 / Detailed Methodology *						
С				COF	CORINAIR						
CS				Cou	Country Specific						
M				1.100	Model						
					missior	n Inven	tory (Guide	book - 2019, in	catego	ry chapters
(sou	urce for) A	Activi	ty Da								
NS					National Statistics						
RS					Regional Statistics						
IS					International Statistics						
PS				_	Plant Specific						
As					Associations, business organisations						
Q					specific Questionnaires (or surveys)						
M				_	Model / Modelled						
C (source for) Emission Fact					Confidential						
SOL			ion F		I± /⊏N	45D.C.	، حا ماد ا	1-1			
D				_	Default (EMEP Guidebook)						
CS				_	Country Specific						
PS M				_	Plant Specific Model / Modelled						
<u>М</u>					Confidential						
10			NII.				D.C.	60	11	DOD	1
NO _x	NMVOC	SO ₂	NH ₃	PM _{2.5}	PM ₁₀	_	BC	CO	Heavy Metals	POPs	
NA	NA NA	NA	NA	L/T	L/T	L/T	NA	NA	NA	NA	
	key source by L evel only										
_	key source by T rend only										
_	key source by both Level and Trend										
_	no key source for this pollutant										
\rightarrow	emission of specific pollutant Included Elsewhere (i.e. in another category)										
\rightarrow	emission of specific pollutant Not E stimated (yet)										
NA *	specific pollutant not emitted from this source or activity = N ot A pplicable										
Τ	no analysis done										

^ NO $_{\rm x}$ ^ NMVOC ^ SO $_{\rm 2}$ ^ NH $_{\rm 3}$ ^ PM $_{\rm 2.5}$ ^ PM $_{\rm 10}$ ^ TSP ^ BC ^ CO ^ Pb ^ Cd ^ Hg ^ Diox ^ PAH ^ HCB ^

-	- - - L/T L/T L/- - - - - - - -					
L/-	L/- key source by Level only					
-/ T	-/T key source by Trend only					
L/T	/T key source by both Level and Trend					
-/-	no key source for this pollutant					
IE	emission of specific pollutant Included Elsewhere (i.e. in another category)					
NE	emission of specific pollutant N ot E stimated (yet)					
NA	specific pollutant not emitted from this source or activity = Not Applicable					
*	no analysis done					

For particulate emissions, Mining is the main emissions source in the Mineral industries.

In Germany we use two approaches - one for Sands and rocks, one for salts.

Short description

The mining process emits relevant amounts of particles. Quarrying and mining of minerals other than coal is subsumed, in particular mining of limestone, hard rock and building Sands, with rising recycled materials.

Salt production is a sub-category of the mining activities in respect of the country specific approach used.

Methodology

With the use of the 2019 GB method 1, a Tier 2 method is available that can reflect different national conditions.

In particular, this concerns input variables on humidity and wind speed, which are differentiated into regions. Due to data availability, the regions are represented by the administrative states (German Länder), which does not necessarily represent characteristic weather regimes. Regionality can be increased by merging urban and surface states. Parameters on weather as well as on areas can thus be improved, in a first step by using open wheather data back to 1990.

No area information from the Corine land cover before 2010 is used (consistent data sets). In addition, information from CLC category 131 (Mineral extraction sites ²⁾) had to be adjusted for areas of active open-pit lignite mines.

For salt production currently a Tier 1 method is used: information on production of salts are multiplied with country specific emission factors for TSP and PM. Please see the small relevance of this under trend diskussion.

Activity Data

As provided in the Guidebook model, specific AD for hard rock, sand, and recycled material are applied. Because of incomplete national statistics, these AD are taken from nationals and international association information ³⁾. Within the framework of technical consultations, historical data were confirmed by the National Association for Mineral Resources ⁴⁾. Now we are additionally in contact with Federal Institute for Geosciences and Natural Resources for figures og mineral raw materials ⁵⁾. For time series concsistency, data gaps are closed via interpolation or expert adjustement.

The data from national statistics includes production of potash and rock salt. Potash salt is dominating, nevertheless gaps of statistics are filled and emissions are modelled as potash salt only.

Emission factors

The calculation of emissions takes into account national circumstances and reduction measures. The calculations are available in total more than ten Excel files (individual years since 1990, annually from 2010). Since the GB tool in principle calculates emissions for exactly one year ⁶⁾, files must be available for exactly those years in which input data are available. Intermediate years are interpolated in case of data gaps.

With the help of the GB tools, IEFs are estimated on an annual basis, which are used for the inventory method AR x EF. The emission factors are virtual, but the calculation of this is modified by national circumstances on the parameters. So we would name the EF as country-specific.

The emission factors for salt production are based on analogy to bulk product handling by an UBA expert judgement:

Table 2: Overview of applied emission factors, in kg/t salt

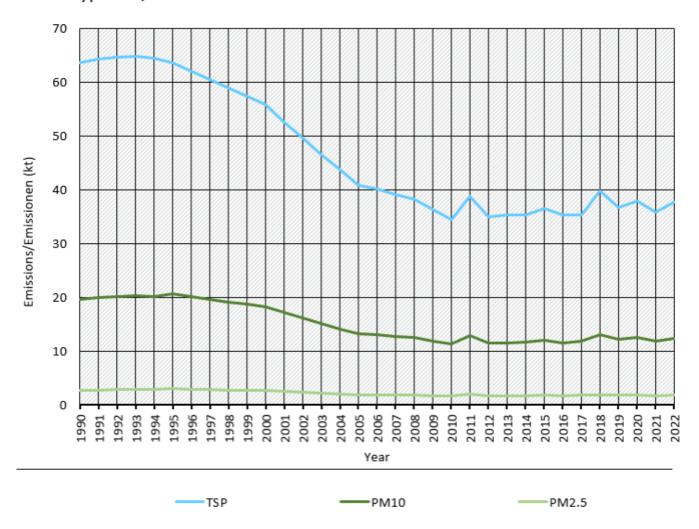
	EF value	EF trend
TSP	0.031	constant
PM ₁₀	0.016	constant
PM _{2.5}	0.003	constant

Trend discussion

Trends in emissions follow the shrinking mining activities.

Trends of Emissions of quarrying and mining

Emissions by pollutant / Emissionen nach Schadstoff



^{*} Base Year for PM = 1995 / Basisjahr für Feinstäube (PM) ist 1995

Quelle: German Environment Agency, National inventory for the German reporting on atmospheric emissions since 1990, (01/2024)

Emission trends in NFR 2.A.5.a

The Tier 1 methodology for the emissions from salt mining represents only a small portion of emissions from this sector - few than 4%, depending on the PM fraction. Considering the limited scale of the activity and emission, the part is considered to be below the significance for higher Tiers.

Recalculations



With activity data and emission factors remaining unrevised, no recalculations were carried out compared to Submission 2022.

Planned improvements

At the moment, it is planned evaluate further Country specific conditions.

https://www.eea.europa.eu/publications/emep-eea-guidebook-2019/part-b-sectoral-guidance-chapters/2-industrial-processes/2-a-mineral-products/2-a-5-a-quarrying/view

https://land.copernicus.eu/user-corner/technical-library/corine-land-cover-nomenclature-guidelines/html/index-clc-131.html

https://www.eea.europa.eu/publications/emep-eea-guidebook-2019/part-b-sectoral-guidance-chapters/2-industrial-processes/2-a-mineral-products/2-a-5-a-quarrying-1/view

¹⁾ EMEP/EEA, 2019: EEA Report No 13/2019 EMEP EEA air pollutant emission inventory guidebook 2019, Copenhagen, 2019; URL:

²⁾ Copernicus 2019: CLC-classes; URL:

³⁾ European Industry Association data are published annually at https://www.aggregates-europe.eu/facts-figures/figures/

⁴⁾ https://www.bv-miro.org/

⁵⁾ https://www.bgr.bund.de/DE/Themen/Min rohstoffe/Produkte/produkte node.html

⁶⁾ EMEP/EEA, 2019: EEA Report No 13/2019 EMEP EEA air pollutant emission inventory guidebook 2019, Copenhagen, 2019; URL: